

**Pronunciación del alfabeto español en Latinoamérica
para hablantes de inglés americano**

VOWELS	Sounds like	Spanish Example	English Example
• a	_____	_____	_____
• e	_____	_____	_____
• i	_____	_____	_____
• o	_____	_____	_____
• u	_____	_____	_____

Spanish uses the same Latin alphabet as English except for the addition of 3 letters: _____ (as in “chief”), _____ (as in “beyond”), and _____ (as in “canyon”).

Some consonants have different pronunciation from English:

- **c** sounds like “___” before “e” and “i”
sounds like “___” in all other cases
- **g** sounds like “___” in “humid” before “e” and “i”
sounds like “___” in “go” before “a,” “o,” and “u”
- **h** is always _____
- **v** pronounced like “___” in all cases
- **y** pronounced like “___” at the beginning of a syllable
pronounced like “___” when it stands alone or ends a word
- **z** pronounced like “___”

Some consonants have no English equivalent sound:

- **r** has a “_____” sound, except at the beginning of word where it is “rolled”
- **rr** has a “_____” sound (also called “trilled”)

CONSONANTS**Spanish Example(s)****English Example(s)**

• b	_____	_____
• c	_____	_____
• c	_____	_____
• ch	_____	_____
• d	_____	_____
• d	_____	_____
• f	_____	_____
• g	_____	_____
• g	_____	_____
• g	_____	_____
• g	_____	_____
• h	_____	_____
• j	_____	_____
• k	_____	_____
• l	_____	_____
• ll	_____	_____
• m	_____	_____
• n	_____	_____
• p	_____	_____
• q	_____	_____
• r	_____	_____
• r	_____	_____
• rr	_____	_____
• s	_____	_____
• s	_____	_____
• t	_____	_____
• v	_____	_____
• w	_____	_____
• x	_____	_____
• x	_____	_____
• y	_____	_____
• z	_____	_____

A _____ syllable within a word is the one given extra _____.
It is more prominent by its relative loudness to the other syllables in the word.

A _____ is used to show which vowel is stressed.

In a Spanish word with NO written accent, the stressed vowel is the _____
one before the last consonant.

However, the consonants ___ and ___ do not count as last consonants when they are at the end of a word because they are used to make nouns plural and verbs to agree with their subjects.

Neighboring vowels combine into one syllable if either one is an ___ or a ___.

h a b l a

h a b l a n

a s u s t a r s e

t o r t i l l a

t o r t i l l a s

c i u d a d

t a m a l

t a m a l e s

f u e r a

a g u a

a i r e

r e a l

v a i n i l l a

g u a c a m o l e

s i t u a c i o n e s

v i d e o

c e r e a l

v i d e o j u e g o

o y e r o n

t r a b a j a b a i s

s o c i a b l e

g u a y a b a

c o n e x i o n e s

n o v i a

b i l i n g ü e

N i c a r a g u a

c o n s t r u i r